

# THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XVI., NO. 4657

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., TUESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1900.

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Until the doctor comes, and for minor ills and accidents, the mother must doctor her family. Tens of thousands of mothers have relied upon JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT, and have found it always reliable. It is used both externally and internally and it is the remedy for inflammation from any cause. Used continually for 90 years as a household remedy, its sustained popularity and increasing use every year are the best possible testimonials to its curative powers.

**Johnson's ANODYNE LINIMENT**

is of greatest value in treating colic, cramps, diarrhoea, cholera morbus, bites, bruises, burns, stings, chafing, colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, bronchitis, la grippe, lameness, muscle soreness and pain and inflammation in any part of the body. Sold in two size bottles, 2c. and 5c. The larger size is more economical. If your dealer hasn't it send to me. Ask first.

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WINTER OPENING OF  
**FUR AND VELVET HATS**

All are invited. Do not fail to examine.

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**FUR ROBES**  
OF THE BEST QUALITY ONLY  
AT  
**JOHN S. TILTON'S**  
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THIS SPACE BELONGS TO  
**-LAWRENE-**  
Portsmouth's Swell Tailor

**HERALD ADS GIVE BEST RESULTS**

Try One And Be Convinced.

## FOR SOUND MONEY.

Congressman Sulloway Has Some Facts and Figures of Interest Here.

While the financial bill was before the National House on Friday, Dec. 15, Congressman Sulloway made some telling arguments against the efforts of the democrats to saddle the country with free silver and said in part:

"The standard of value is that which the intelligence and experience of the commercial world has made it. Government may make this or that a legal tender for the purpose of paying debts, but it does not thereby impart or create value. An ounce of gold in the pocket of the man who is the farthest removed from civilization, if it be of equal fineness, possesses exactly the same value as any other ounce of gold with the stamp of the most powerful nation of earth upon it. Gold uncoined has within and of itself all the value it has when minted. Its value is the same in junk or money. The party to which I belong declared in its last national platform in favor of the gold standard. Its opponents contended for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

"On the issue presented men aligned themselves and fought the fiercest political campaign in our history, and we won.

"Duty, honor, and the confidence reposed in us by that mighty army of Democrats, the brain of the party in the North, who gave us their earnest, active support, demand that we write in statute that which we promised to maintain, so that the world may know that until the Republican party is overwhelmed and defeated in both the executive and legislative branches of the Government every dollar the wage earner receives shall be equal in purchasing power to the best dollar under our flag and of the same value at home and abroad. To this extent I am earnestly in favor of the bill before the House. Whether it is in all other respects the best that could be formulated I am not prepared to say.

"It is not my purpose to enter into an academic discussion of the subject. The solicitude which our friends on the other side of the chamber profess for the toilers, as they are pleased to call them, has induced me to make some suggestions and to offer what seems to me competent evidence on that question.

"I contend that the laborers of this country are for the gold standard, and that whenever they have an opportunity to express their views at the ballot box they vote for it. [Applause on the Republican side.]

"The two members from New Hampshire represent a population of 376,530. In the districts from which they come on the day they were elected 80,735 votes were cast for members of congress, only 4418 less than were declared cast for the twenty-two members who represent a population of 3,969,720. The laborers vote in New Hampshire. We have neither tramps, dudes, nor muggwumps. In the face of the facts I have recited does anyone believe that the laboring masses have any voice whatever in the selection of the representatives to this house from the districts in the South which I have mentioned? Do they have any more to do with selecting officials to represent them than the mules that are their daily company in toil? I fear that their financial condition is but little better than that of the mules.

"The price of labor is not regulated by selling it on the auction block, as it formerly was, but from the exhibit in the figures I have quoted I fear they are not permitted to have a voice in the government under which they live and that they are as impotent politically today as when they were slaves.

"I will refer to the condition of the people of my own state, who are toilers, who stand for sound money and protective tariff, and compare their condition with that of the people of other states where the free trade and free silver, cheap money sentiment obtains, and were only a comparative few express their wish and evidence their political conviction at the polls. Political parties in New Hampshire had been uncomfortably near an even division for a third of a century, until Bryanism, a label upon the democratic party, which had stood for sound money and territorial expansion during its entire history, got possession of the organization of that party at its last national convention. At the election following McKinley's majority was greater than the vote cast for Bryan.

"No single democrat who had been

influential in his party in that state supported Bryan. Fugmies and Populists rattled around in places made vacant by intellectual and political giants. The old leaders were patriots rather than partisans. National honor and individual integrity were dearer to them than political success to be purchased by sacrificing both.

"Posterity will give to that host of men who for principle refused to be a by party nomination the most conspicuous pages in our civil political history, and no pen can ascribe to them praise that was not justly earned by their action.

"In 1894 the laboring people of New Hampshire had deposited to their credit in savings banks \$73,000,000. The people of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Virginia, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Mississippi, Missouri, Arkansas, and Nebraska, eleven states of the sunny South and one of the fertile West, twelve in all, with a population of more than 16,500,000 had in 1894 about \$9,000,000 deposited in savings banks to their credit. New Hampshire, with less than 400,000 population, had more than eight times as much as the 16,500,000 raw materialists and free silverites in the twelve states named.

"The people of Gofftown, a country town in my district, with a population of less than 2000, had \$621,000 to their credit in savings banks in 1894. The people of Virginia, 1,600,000 population; Florida with 400,000; Alabama with 1,500,000; Texas with 2,500,000; Missouri with 2,670,000; Mississippi with 1,280,000, and Arkansas with 1,128,000 a total population of 11,078,000, had to their credit in savings banks \$87,000. The 2000 protectionists in Gofftown, N. H., had to their credit in savings banks \$42,000 more than the 11,078,000 free traders and raw materialists in the seven states named.

"At sunset on the November day in 1896 when the toilers of the land repudiated Bryanism and called McKinley to the presidential chair, the citizens of New Hampshire, less than 300,000 in number, had to their credit in savings banks four times as many dollars as all the people of all the states that voted as many dollars as all the people of all the states that voted for Bryan. And in the city in which I live, that has a population of 60,000, there was on deposit to the credit of laboring men, women and children more money in savings banks than stood to the credit of all the people of all the states that voted for Bryan.

"I have listened to the very able and eloquent speeches of our friends from the south in favor of free trade and free silver, but they have failed to satisfy me that their constituents, and especially the laborers, favor free trade or free silver; and until a vote in that direction at a ratio of more than 1 to 40 or 60 of the population of their districts is in evidence, I shall refuse to believe that they correctly represent a majority of the voters in districts from which they come.

"I cannot conceive how any wage earner could ever desire to be paid in 50 cent dollars, unless in despair the hope of ever obtaining a 100 cent dollar had withered and died.

"A comparison of the condition of wage earners in sections where free trade and free silver are contended for the most strenuously with those in other sections who favor a protective tariff and dollars worth each 100 cents, has only strengthened my original conclusion that a protective tariff and the gold standard have made this nation what it is today, the most powerful, wealthy and prosperous of the nations of earth.

## NAVAL ORDERS.

Lieuts. C. F. Hughes and H. B. Wilson to duty as inspectors of equipment at the Cramp, Nestle & Levy and Harlan & Hollingsworth shipyards.

Lieut. H. M. Donbaugh, to duty at the League island navy yard, Pa., as captain of the yard.

Lieut. Kaemmerling, to additional duty at the Newport training station.

Chief Boatswain P. Haley, from the navy yard at New York to Key West, Fla., and later to the command of the Massachusetts.

Chief Boatswain Wm. Anderson, from the Marcellus to the Vermont.

## ASH COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

Until further notice the collections of ashes and garbage will be made one day later than has been the custom.

LEON E. SUTTON,  
Street Commissioner.

## FIRE ALARM RECORD.

Five Bell Alarms and Chemical Answered Twenty-Three Others.

The fire alarm record for the year just passed was very small compared with recent years. The Chemical answered to twenty-three still alarms and there were five general alarms. There was one "out of town" alarm.

The first general alarm of the year was Jan. 9, at 5.45 p. m. from box 58, for a fire on Daniel str. et. in the house occupied by Mrs. Tyler, caused by the explosion of a lamp. No damage of any consequence.

On Feb. 2 at 3.40 p. m. the department responded to box 9 for a blaze in some excelsior in the store of J. H. Swett on Deer street. Damage light.

Box 7 on April 12 was for a fire in the grass on John Mooney's farm at Christian Shore and was needless.

Aug. 17, box 8, the out of town call, was for a fire at Hampton and Col. Sise engine company was sent there by the chief engineer.

The last general alarm of the year was from box 14 on Dec. 14 at 6.30 p. m. for a rather destructive fire at the Concord railroad wharf.

The still alarms were mostly for chimney fire, overheated stoves, slight roof fires and overturned lamps. The Chemical must have more than paid for itself in saving the expense of calling out the department on so many occasions during the year.

## AROUND THE CITY.

The new year was on its dignity and emphasized the fact that there would be no more talk about "unusual weather conditions" and "unseasonable periods" and all that sort of conversation that has been the one thing above all others discussed since the winter, according to the calendar, was ushered in. Even before the old year went out the indications were that there would be a change in the aspect of things and the forecast proved correct. The change is welcome. It puts new life into many branches of business and altogether is much better and agreeable.

The Portsmouth four handed whist team came up from the sea coast to Manchester last Saturday night and showed the Owl team of this city a few points about how the game is played down nearer the ocean. The Owls, who consist of Messrs. E. A. Smith, L. D. Hurd, C. A. Shannon and C. W. Bickford, were defeated by a score of 19 to 15. This gives the New Hampshire Whist association's cup to the Portsmouth team, which may keep it for good, having won it twelve times.—Manchester Mirror.

A young man of no mean inventive ability is the lad by the name of Jennings, in the employ of F. Pearson and Son, corner of State and Pleasant streets. He has made a model of the battleship Oregon which is well nigh perfect in all its details. It is attracting a good deal of attention at the store, where it is on exhibition. It is apparent that the young inventor is capable of still more praiseworthy achievements in his chosen line, if he only follows it up in earnest.

No fault could be found at the manner in which the streets were cleared of the snow after the storm. The commissioner and a gang of men were out early and by the time that the average citizen was ready to come down town it was not necessary to wade through such huge drifts as have been allowed to remain on the sidewalks in years past. Everyone appeared satisfied with the condition of things when they left home and commissioner Soruton could have heard many a complimentary remark had he been around where the sidewalks were discussed during the day. The electric railroad company was not tardy, either in having the piles of snow thrown aside by the big snow plow, removed. Every drift along the line was a scene of activity until it disappeared.

It should interest the astronomically inclined to know that the earth is at its nearest point to the sun today, which, however, is cold consolation at this season of the year. A more comfortable thought is that the days are increasing in length. Forty seven minutes will be added to the duration of sunlight in the course of the month, 31 of which will be given to the afternoon. January still ranks as the coldest month in the year.

## PLAISTOW.

PLAISTOW, N. H., Jan. 1.

Moses B. Dow will install the officers of Plaistow Grange Wednesday evening. Eugene P. Davis will install the officers of Goodwin Council, No. 4. Friday evening.

The many friends of Henry M. Williams gave him a surprise party Saturday evening and presented him a dress suit case.

John H. Noyes is in Concord after registration papers for James Trecey, and attending the annual meeting of the State Grange Fair association.

The Trinity Minstrels cleared \$33.50 on their show.

Plaistow Grange has received invitation to visit Newton Junction Wednesday evening, Jan. 3, and Hampstead Monday evening, Jan. 17.

Charles W. Tozier has been drawn as a petit juror for the supreme court at Exeter.

John H. Kelley, by the laying on of hands, performed some wonderful cures before a large audience at Jr. O. U. A. M. hall on Monday evening.

Harry A. Davis who has been confined to the house for a few days, is on the street again.

Duke, a valuable watch dog belonging to N. S. Sleeper, was found dead one morning this week.

Walter Lezier is working in Haverhill, again.

Harry Seaver was in Boston Saturday. Mrs. S. Prescott has offered her residence near the depot for sale and is a out to go to Cuba.

## WATER FRONT NEWS.

The steamer Swatara, Taylor with the large Bear Ridge from Philadelphia with coal for J. A. & A. W. Walker arrived on Monday. The barge Enterprise, also in tow for Portland, was started for there today.

There was no arrivals here today. Another cargo of English coal is expected here this week.

A very heavy sea is reported in off the coast today.

It was decidedly nasty along the water front on Monday night and quite choppy in the river. The tide was nearly six inches over the P. K. & Y. ferry landing on Badger's Island.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a tea spoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

## CHRONICLE NEWSBOY GETS IT.

For a number of years past Rev. Mr. Cornish has given a prize to the newsboy who would wake him up on New Year's day. At a few minutes past four o'clock, Ray Newton, who is one of the Chronicle's hustling newsboys, rang the bell and awoke him and wished him a happy New Year. Mr. Cornish welcomed him and gave him the prize, which consisted of a piece of money and a large bag filled with nuts and candy.

Impossible to foresee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Monarch over pain.

## PAPER TEETH.

The Latest Thing in Dentistry is Cheap.

Paper teeth are the latest thing in dentistry. For years some substance has been sought for which could replace the composition commonly employed for making teeth, and a fortune awaited the man who was lucky enough to hit upon the right material. Although paper has some disadvantages, they are small compared to its many qualifications, and paper teeth are likely to be used exclusively—at least until more perfect material is found.

Up to this time china has been used almost exclusively, but it presents so many disadvantages that dentists have always been on the lookout for some other substance which could replace it. Not only does china not resist the action of saliva and turn black, but china affects the nerves of the jaws.

People who wear false teeth often complain of suborbital neuralgia, and this is put down by many dentists as being caused by the heat or cold acting on the china or porcelain. Force, pain or mineral composition also is liable to chip or break, and for these reasons have never been satisfactory.

The paper teeth are made of paper mache, which is submitted to a tremendous pressure until it is as hard as required. Their peculiar composition renders them cheap, and the price of a set of teeth will go down considerably owing to the new invention.

The color of the paper mache can also be made to vary, which is an important point, as no two sets of teeth are identical in color, some teeth having a strong yellowish cast, while others are bluish white. In order, therefore, to obtain the right tint the coloring matter has only to be introduced into the mixture before the tooth is cast in order to match the other teeth exactly. It is in this particular that china teeth often fail to appear natural, their color differing from the other teeth in the mouth and showing that the tooth is artificial.—Pearson's Weekly.

## Expenses of Dreyfus Defence.

One feature of the Dreyfus case has not been fully touched upon—the exceedingly large sum of money which the Dreyfus family has been forced to spend. The trial of 1894 cost a very fair sum, limited, chiefly, however, to lawyers' fees. The large outlay was caused by the efforts of the family to discover the real culprit after the departure of the unfortunate prisoner for Devil's Island. M. Mathieu Dreyfus employed two sets of detectives. The French detectives were watched by a set of English detectives, and the family, of course, footed the bills in both instances. This work went on for two or three years, until the discovery of the famous petit bleu designating Esterhazy as the culprit. Then came the expenses leading to the revision of the case, the lawyers and the memoirs and other documents which had to be published. But the deserved compensation given M. Mornard, M. Demange and M. Labori was not the only outlay which the Dreyfus family had to support at Rennes. As they lost their suit, they had to pay all the witnesses a round sum of nearly \$10,000. Thus Dreyfus was placed in the curious position of paying the care and the board bills of his deadliest enemies. It is estimated that up to the present more than \$200,000 has been employed in this brave fight.—Paris Letter in the Chicago Record.

## Very Useful.

"Greek doors opened outward."  
"Is that so? I suppose the Greeks used them to knock book agents off the front steps."—Chicago Record.

## Easily Corrected.

"There are some grave charges against Mr. Goner's family."  
"Very well," said the undertaker, "add them to my bill."—Cleveland Leader.

## As They Come.

"A doctor cannot very well choose his patients."  
"Why, no, I suppose if he could he wouldn't have such an ill-assorted lot."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

## TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

**THE WORLD'S BEST.**

Queen Quality, Ladies' Lace & Button Shoe, \$3.00  
**Duncan's Shoe Store.**

**Baileys Ribbed-Back Rubber**

**FRANKLIN SHOE**—Every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction. The Franklin Shoes fit the feet, fit the eye and fit your purse.  
Men's Sizes.....\$2.00 | Boys' Sizes.....\$1.50 | Youths' Sizes.....\$1.25  
**5 MARKET STREET.**





# THE HERALD.

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## FOR PORTSMOUTH

## PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.

You want local news! Read the Herald. More local news than all other daily papers combined. Try it.

TUESDAY, JAN. 2, 1900.

Times are certainly better. Russell Sage has bought a new suit of clothes.

A great battle in South Africa is due, but one is afraid and the other daren't.

Chicago has given up "rubber necks" and is now interested in rubber horses shoes. Westward the march of civilization takes its way.

Those plum puddings that the Boers shot into poor Ladysmith ought to furnish Kipling with a splendid topic for a stirring war poem.

The rush of volunteers in England has stopped. It has gotten out that the Boers have a lot of long range guns and know how to aim them.

John Kendrick Bange has written a book entitled "The Idiot at Home." It is interesting to know that Mr. Bange has returned from his trip.

The Boers are becoming factious. They sent plum puddings, enclosed in shells, into Ladysmith, along with the compliments of the season.

The body of Gen. Lawton is bound home. It should be welcomed by a salute of the loudest guns that the country possesses. No more worthy American hero ever led a charge.

Col. Lockett seems to be a worthy successor to Gen. Lawton. He has thumped the insurgents twice since he came into command, and is obasing them with all the fierceness of a Custer or a Sheridan.

There is money in Christian science. Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy has given her son, out in South Dakota, a Christmas gift of a check for ten thousand dollars, and a clear title to a dwelling house valued at fifteen thousand.

The mode of suicide that was adopted by a Michigan miner will probably not become very popular. He sat down on a barrel containing one hundred pounds of giant powder and lit his pipe. All that has been found of him is a boot heel. They are hunting for the rest of him.

### CIVIL SERVICE LAW RESPECTED.

The civil service commission, in its annual report, to be issued next week, will say that the civil service law is being more generally conformed to than ever before. It shows that the removals of employees, based upon its statistics for this year, now average slightly less than two per cent. of the whole number of classified places.

### Doubling a Stage Mob.

It is generally admitted that one of the most realistic stage effects of modern days is that of the music hall scene in "Hearts Are Trumps." The great (apparent) depth of the auditorium shown on a very ingenious device. The sea of faces representing the music hall audience is only half human—that is to say, each of the supers is "doubled" by means of a mask on the back of his head. These masks are visible to the audience only when reflected on a mirror at the back of the stage. Here we have a decided improvement on the old-fashioned method of multiplying a crowd or an army by means of distressingly unreal figures painted on a backcloth.—London Chronicle.

### Scaring Hawks.

An exchange says that a good preventive and scare for hawks is a tin plate. Buy a common tin lid or even pie pan, attach with a strong string of about twenty inches long to a pole, the pole should be about twenty feet high and set firmly in the ground near the premises. Two or three poles on opposite sides of the yard are still better. Hawks see the bright tin plate flashing in the sunlight and keep at a safe distance.

# KID MCCOY WON.

## Punch On Jaw Put Maher Out Of Business.

## MCCOY FETCHED HIS MAN IN THE FIFTH ROUND.

## Attendance Was a Frost—Several Disputes Before Bout.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—The fight between Kid McCoy and Peter Maher, pulled off at the Coney Island Athletic club this afternoon, turned out to be much shorter than anybody had expected. Before five full rounds had been fought McCoy fetched the Irish champion a blow on the point of the jaw which felled him like a log and he was counted out. It was a terrific punch. No cleaner knockout ever happened. It came so suddenly that it stunned the crowd at the ringside. The men were scheduled to begin the bout at 3.30, but several disputes arose and it was an hour later when they entered the arena. The attendance was not so large as had been anticipated, and instead of fighting for a purse of twenty thousand dollars, as had been arranged, the winner took the gross gate receipts. McCoy wanted to use his old gloves, but was finally forced to don new ones. This occasioned more delay. Then the referee, Charley White, kicked because he hadn't gotten his money in advance, and wouldn't officiate until it had been given him. McCoy had all the best of the fight in the first two rounds and played all over his antagonist. In the second round he put Maher down with a hard punch and Maher stayed down five seconds. In the third Maher rallied and made a good argument. He fought the Kid all over the ring. McCoy slipped down once. In the fourth, Maher was not nervous. The end was startling. The men had been sparring for two minutes and twenty-two seconds, in the fifth round, when McCoy shot out and reached Maher's jaw with a blow that would have put an ox out of business. Maher collapsed like a drunken man and was dead to the world for a considerable time after the referee had finished counting the ten seconds. Throughout the bout, which was to have been twenty-five rounds, McCoy's side-stepping and lightning blows were marvelous. His work has never been excelled. He finished pretty fresh. Maher recovered readily. Before the fight the betting was in favor of Maher, with odds of \$100 to \$60. An hour before they took the ring it went up to \$100 to \$70, but just before the first round the betting shifted right around and McCoy became the favorite.

### HARD JOB FOR BULLER.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—A Standard correspondent sends word from Frere that General Buller's difficulties are greatly increased, as the Boers have strongly fortified their position along the Tugela river for sixteen miles.

### WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—Forecast for New England: Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, continued low temperature, high northwesterly winds, gales on the coast.

# For the Baby

The fifty-cent size is just right for the baby. A little of it in the bottle three or four times a day will supply precisely the fat all thin babies need. If your baby does not gain in weight as fast as you would like, try

## Scott's Emulsion

The result will please you. If the baby nurses, the mother should take the emulsion. It makes the baby's food richer and more abundant; only buy the dollar size—it's more economical.

Both mother and child will feel at once its strengthening, upbuilding and fat-producing properties.

Small bottles, 50c. and 25c. SCOTT'S BROWN CHEMISTS, New York

## NO BILL AGAINST SENATOR GALLINGER.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 1.—The federal grand jury, after several days' consideration of the case against Senator Gallinger, reported no bill today.

## LONDON REJOICES AT LAST.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—The success of General French in driving the Boers from Colonsburg has been joyfully received here. It is hoped that now he has the Boers on the run he will give them no rest. There is a feeling that General French's action will serve to suppress the disaffection of the Cape Colony Dutch.

## AGUINALDO'S WIFE SURRENDERS.

MANILA, Jan. 1.—Aguinaldo's wife and sister and eighteen other Philipinos have surrendered to Major March's battalion of the Third Infantry. They gave themselves up at Bonloc. The report on Dec. 23d that Aguinaldo's wife had died is disposed of by this latest news.

## FEARED SOME WERE BURNED.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—A three-alarm fire occurred early this morning in a five store flat house at 754 First avenue. A half dozen women were carried out and many got down the fire escapes, but it is feared that a large number were cut off by the flames.

## TO CAPTURE THE GOVERNOR.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 1.—Ugly rumors are circulating of a threatened Dutch rising, with the object of seizing Cape Town and capturing the governor, Sir Alfred Milner. The center of the revolt is said to be at Paarl, a village thirty miles from here.

## STORM LIGHT IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, Jan. 1.—The storm is rather light here. It is the heaviest down in Maine and the Provinces. Bangor and Eastport are in the thick of it.

## FITZ TO SPAR.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—Bob Fitzsimmons has been matched to meet Jack McCormack in a six-round sparring match at Philadelphia on Jan. 20th.

## SAME THING FROM LADYSMITH.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—Ladysmith reported by heliograph on Dec. 31st that all was well in the town.

## The Onion Cure.

Onions are a kind of all-round good medicine. A whole onion eaten at bedtime will, by the next morning, break up the severest cold. Onions make a good plaster to remove inflammation and soreness. If an onion is smashed so as to secure all the juice in it it will make a most remarkable smelling substance that will quiet the most nervous person. The strength of it inhaled for a few moments will dull the sense of smell and weaken the nerves until sleep is produced from sheer exhaustion. It all comes from one property possessed by the onion, and that is a form of opium.

## New Rifles.

One thousand Krag-Jorgensen rifles have been supplied to the battalions Kentucky and Kearsarge. Both branches of the service will soon have small arms of the same calibre, thus greatly simplifying the problem of interchangeable supplies of ammunition when the army and navy are required to carry on joint operations. The Lee rifle will gradually be discarded and replaced by the other small calibre rifle. The Army Ordnance Department will manufacture the Krag-Jorgensen rifle for the navy, but the ammunition will be manufactured by the Ordnance Department.

## A Mile a Minute.

The speed of a carrier pigeon in calm weather is 1,200 yards a minute. With a brisk wind prevailing and blowing in the direction of its flight a pigeon has been known to make 1,900 yards a minute.

## The Helpful Prune.

Prunes afford the highest nerve or brain food, supply heat and waste, but are not muscle feeding. They should be avoided by those who suffer from the liver.

## Literary Women.

The last census in the United States showed that there were no fewer than 3,000 women engaged in literary, as apart from journalistic, work.

## About Auctioneers.

The ways of auctioneers in different parts of the world vary greatly. In England and America the seller bears the expense of the sale, but in France the purchaser bears the cost, 5 per cent. being added to his purchase. In Holland it is still worse, the buyer being required to pay ten per cent. additional for the expense of the sale.

## The English Vocabulary.

There are over 250,000 words in the English language acknowledged by the best authorities, or about 70,000 more than in the German, French, Spanish and Italian combined.

Terrible plagues, those itching, peeling diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

## LAND WITHOUT STRIKES.

## A Law Which Has Been Remarkably Successful in New Zealand.

New Zealand has anticipated the rest of the world by enacting a law which deals so rationally with all trade disputes that it has actually prevented strikes for the last five years. It is impossible to present more than an outline of the plan.

Both associations of employers and the trade unions may be incorporated. Those which are chartered or registered, choose the members of their own board and also the members of the court to which disputes are referred. Whether organized or not, the associations and trade unions are subject to the law.

The colony of New Zealand is divided into industrial districts, for each of which there is a conciliation board elected for three years. It consists of two persons chosen by registered employers; two by registered trade unions; and one disinterested person elected by the four who is chairman. When a dispute arises between employers and the men in their employ, either party may refer the matter in dispute to the district board, which has full authority to investigate the facts and to command a settlement. In case either party will not accept the decision the matter is referred to the State court. This consists of one person representing the trade unions, one the employers, and a chairman, a Judge of the supreme court, appointed by the Governor. The court has a three years' term and is wisely independent of politics.

A decision by this court is final and must be accepted under a penalty for violation not exceeding \$500, or \$2,500. Moreover, when a dispute has been referred to the conciliation board, and until it is finally settled, a strike or lockout is illegal. That there have been about fifty cases referred to district boards or to the court in the past five years, that during that time there has neither strike nor lockout in New Zealand, and that in every case the decision has been accepted by both parties, seems to prove either that the law is excellent, or that it is excellently administered. Perhaps it demonstrates both propositions. The necessity for the passage of a similar law in this country is to appear to require argument. Aside from the interests of the employers and the employed, the greater interests of the general public demand it.—Youth's Companion.

## IN SOUTH AFRICA.

## How the British Care for the Wounded Soldiers.

Modern artillery's effectiveness has put a very different complexion upon the uses and necessities of field hospitals. A field hospital used to be very near the fighting line—it was often actually under fire. But nowadays, when artillery fire is commonly effective at four thousand yards, no field hospital could be allowed sufficiently near the fighting line to permit of the wounded being taken direct to it, and the organization of aid has been altogether altered. In South Africa it has been arranged that all the effective aid in the field will be that of the Army Medical Corps. Voluntary aid will confine itself to the lines of communication between the field and the base hospital and between the base and general hospitals. The working organization is as follows:—

Accompanying the fighting line are the bearer companies of the Army Medical Corps—three or four men to each regular regimental company. When a man drops out wounded, the Army Medical Corps men pick him up and take him to the nearest dressing station, where he is attended to as quickly as possible. From the dressing station the wounded are taken to collecting stations, these being placed at points where more shelter is obtainable.

In the case of collecting stations, it is possible, of course, to select more effective shelter than at the dressing stations, where shelter is more a matter of improvisation. From the collecting stations the wounded are carried as quickly as possible to the field hospital. Here, generally speaking, they remain a day, and are then removed to the base hospital.

There will be twelve field hospitals in South Africa, four stationary or base hospitals and four general hospitals, each with its complete staff. The distribution of these hospitals will be determined by the officers commanding in South Africa, and must depend on the manner in which the military situation develops.

## Tyrolese Courting.

When a young Tyrolese goes courting in earnest he carries with him a bottle of wine, of which he pours out a portion and presents it to the object of his affection.

If she accepts it the whole affair is settled. Very often the girl has not made up her mind, and then she will take refuge in excuse, as, for instance, "I have drunk the wine, and yet not refused it, point blank, for that is considered a gross insult, proving that she has been merely trifling with the affections of her lover. She will, for instance, maintain that the wine "looks sour," or that wine "disagrees with her." In fact she makes use of any subterfuge that presents itself at the moment.

Shy lovers, loth to make sure of their case beforehand, find it a very happy inspiration. Not a word need be spoken, and the girl is spared the painful "No" of civilization.

## A Lost River.

One of the most remarkable freaks of nature occurs in Mexico. It is a river that is not a river. The bed of it lies in a valley between the Rio Grande and Pecos Rivers. It is not a dead or dried-up stream. It is simply lost. Numerous big tributaries flow into it from the neighboring mountains. Immediately, however, they disappear from sight. Thus, for some reason or another a river, which should be 300 miles in length, has no existence which could be proved.

## Advances of Aluminum.

Aluminum, which had no commercial existence a few years ago, was produced in the United States last year to the extent of 5,500,000 pounds, valued at \$1,500,000, which is one tenth of the cost of 10 years ago.

**Costly Wardrobes.**  
Elizabeth Petrovna, Empress of Russia, daughter of Peter the Great, had 15,000 dresses at the time of her death. She was generally styled the Humane Elizabeth, because of a vow she made never to inflict capital punishment during her reign. She was, however, extravagantly luxurious, as shown by her having at her death 15,000 unused dresses in her wardrobe. She died in 1761, in the twenty-first year of her reign and the fifty-third year of her age. Queen Elizabeth, who reigned in England from 1558 to 1603, was also given to extravagance in the matter of dress, and at her death left upward of 3,000 dresses, all of them fit for use, and having been occasionally worn by her.

## Accused of Wife-Beating.

An edict has been issued by the Right Rev. Bishop Huntington suspending the Rev. E. Eugene Griggs, an Episcopal minister of Birmingham, N. Y., pending the investigation by an ecclesiastical court into charges of wife-beating and desertion made by Mrs. Griggs. Mr. Griggs has already been fined \$25 in the police court for wife-beating, and was compelled to give security to support his wife for a year. Other charges affecting his moral standing will come up before the ecclesiastical court.

## China's Fast Cruiser.

The fastest cruiser in the world has recently been completed for China. The new cruiser is to be known as the "Hai Tien," of 4,000 tons, and under natural draught will have a speed of 26.3 knots per hour. At this rate she would cross the Atlantic in about four and one-half days.

## A Vigorous Shampoo

once every week with  
**Seven Sutherland Sisters'**  
Scalp Cleaner, when immediately followed with a thorough application of the Hair Grower, will make the hair soft, silky and luxuriant. Unlovely hair means unhealthy hair. These preparations strengthen as well as cleanse and purify. They make and keep the hair beautiful.  
For men, women and children.  
Sold by all druggists.

## MUSIC HALL.

F. W. HARTFORD, MANAGER

Tuesday Evening, January 9.

A Feast of Farce,  
The Cream of Comedy,

## THE IRISH ALDERMAN.

Supreme Success of the Season.  
Screaming Stage Satire.

Full of Fun,  
Loaded with Laughter,  
Natural Nonsense,  
Smart, Sparkle, Sensation,  
Frolicsome Politics,  
Convulsing Scenes and  
Screaming Situations.

Everywhere Presented By

## THE GREATEST CAST

the Great Metropolis Could Furnish.

The Play is Perfection.  
The Acting Marvellous.  
The Engagement an  
Eminent Event.

## OLIVER W. HAM.

SUCCESSOR TO SAMUEL S. FLITCHER,

60 Market Street,

## Furniture Dealer

— AND —

## Undertaker.

NIGHT CALLS at side on  
Trance, No. 2 Hanover Street and  
at residence, Cor. New Vaughan  
Street and Rayner Ave.

Telephone 58-2.

## Gray & Prime

## COAL

IN BAGS

NO DUST NO NOISE

11 Market St. Telephone 2-4

## PILES

For Sale by George Hill, Druggist

# PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

## WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

## A Guide for Visitors and Members.

### OAK CASTLE, NO. 4, K. G. E.

Meets at Hall, Peirce Block, High St., Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Officers—Fred Gardner, N. C.; Charles F. Cole, V. C.; Thomas L. Dudley, H. P.; E. G. Gidney, V. H.; Charles E. Oliver, S. H.; Orville E. Bates, P. C.; Samuel H. Gardner, M. of P.; Allison L. Phinney, C. of E.; True W. Priest, K. of E.

### PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, NO. 3, O. U. A. M.

Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, every other Thursday.

Officers—Fred Joslyn, C.; Arthur Woodrum, V. C.; Thomas D. Spauldy, J. R. C.; James E. Harold, Sr. Ex-C. Frank Pike, R. S.; Frank C. Langley, F. S.; Edward Voudy, I. P.; William P. Gardner, O. P.

### PORTSMOUTH LODGE, NO. 97, B. P. O. E.

Meets at Hall, Daniel St., Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month, except Second Tuesday of June, July and August, and Fourth Tuesday of September.

Officers—True W. Priest, E. R. H. B. Dow, T. I. R. Davis, S.

### BESOR SENATE, NO. 602, K. A. E. O.

Meets in Pythian Hall, Second and Fourth Fridays in each month.

Officers—Excellent Senator, E. H. Voudy; Sr. Seneschal, Andrew O. Caswell; Jr. Seneschal, Joseph C. Pettigrew; Sacerdos, E. W. Voudy; Sr. Vigilante, John E. Forbes; Jr. Vigilante, Chas. H. Magraw; Rec. Sec., James E. Harold; Fin. Sec., Andrew O. Caswell; Treas., N. A. Walcott; Warder, W. P. Gardner; Trustees, F. C. Langley, Fred Wood, Oren Bragdon.

# 8% PER ANNUM FROM THE START. The Federal Oil Co.

OPERATING UNDER THE LAWS OF WEST VIRGINIA.  
Wells in Ohio and West Virginia.

Capital Stock, \$1,500,000 in Shares of \$5.00 Each

of which \$1,000,000 is in the Treasury for Working Capital and purchase of more land.

Registrar of Stock will be the OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY.  
Depository, FEDERAL TRUST COMPANY, BOSTON.  
Financial and Transfer Agents, ANGLO-AMERICAN FINANCE COMPANY, Franklin Building, 17 Milk St., Boston.

**OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.**  
GEORGE B. MORTON, President, Boston, Mass.  
THOMAS A. MCCORMICK, Vice-President, Boston, Mass.  
HENRY WATERMAN, Secretary, Boston, Mass.  
ISAAC E. S. PIERPOINT, Treasurer, Boston, Mass.  
DANIEL D. GILE, Melrose, Mass.

**EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.**  
THOMAS A. MCCORMICK, GEORGE B. MORTON, I. E. S. PIERPOINT.

The Company's properties consist of several thousand acres of TESTED OIL PROPERTY in Ohio and West Virginia, having a monthly production of nearly 10,000 barrels.

The policy of the Company from the start has been to purchase nothing but producing oil lands; and with their present output of oil will be able to pay not less than 8 per cent per annum from the start.

The Company are now negotiating for a number of oil wells, which when secured will give them a monthly yield of about 30,000 barrels; this will more than double the net profits of the Company applicable for dividends.

## COPY OF BUCKEYE PIPE LINE COMPANY'S STATEMENT.

CLEVELAND, August 23rd, 1899.  
CHARLES A. POST, Treasurer, et al., of this A. M. I beg to say that your Company had run for its credit during April, May, 1899, 30 barrels, June, 5,000 barrels, July, 5,000 barrels. There appears to be one item made in July not credited to your account until August, owing to absence of Division order. Therefore, if you desire to be more accurate, you should add to the amount of that run to the credit during July, making the total for the month 5,000 barrels. Yours truly,  
R. L. BATES, Agent.

The above statement refers only to our Ohio field, the balance of the pipeline certificates can be seen at the Company's office, showing the West Virginia returns. The total average of oil territory under negotiations aggregated 25,000 acres of land distributed throughout the well-known "oil-producing fields" of Ohio and West Virginia.

With the price of oil increasing almost daily the net earnings of the Company during the next year, should not fall short of \$225,000.

For the rapid development of the Company's property, the officers have decided to sell fifty thousand (50,000) shares of the Treasury Stock at par, \$5.00 after which the price will be advanced without notice.

Subscriptions may be sent to  
ANGLO-AMERICAN FINANCE COMPANY, 17 Milk St., Boston.  
or FEDERAL OIL COMPANY, 17 Milk St., Boston.

WRITE OR CALL FOR PROSPECTUS.

## STANDARD BRAND. Newark cement.

400 Barrels of the above Cement Just Loaded.

## THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

Has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the Principal Government and Other Public Works.

and he received the commendation of the U. S. Army Engineers and Constructors generally. For more information consult should not be omitted. Obtain the best.

FOR SALE BY  
JOHN B. BROUGHTON

Choice Horses,  
Well Equipped Carriage



MARK DOWN SALE

JACKETS!

Come Today While There Is  
A Good Assortment.

LEWIS E. STAPLES,  
7 Market Street.

A DRUGGIST  
Nowadays...

Not only must have a  
complete knowledge of  
drugs, but to sell pure  
drugs he must know their  
adulterations; he must  
know just what to look  
for. We have that knowl-  
edge. We sell pure drugs  
and are careful.

Goodwin E. Philbrick  
Franklin Block,  
Portsmouth, N. H.

SICKNESS INSURANCE  
Combined With  
ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

Covering nearly all of the most  
serious diseases and every  
possible accident. Particulars  
at

TOBEY'S  
Real Estate Agency,  
32 Congress Street,

The scarcity and continued high  
price of Havana tobacco has had no ef-  
fect on the quantity of

THE CELEBRATED  
7-20-4

10 CENT CIGARS.  
They have always maintained their  
high standard. Strictly hand-made  
Sumatra wrapper and long Havana  
filler. For sale by all first-class dealers

At Wholesale in Portsmouth by  
FRED S. WENDALL, J. H. SWERT,  
Deer and Market Ets. Bridge St.

R. G. SULLIVAN,  
MANUFACTURER,  
Manchester, N. H.

Stoddard's  
Stable

HAS BEEN FITTED OUT WITH  
NEW CARRIAGES.

You can get the handiwork and com-  
fortable turn-out in the state at

STODDARD'S.

NEW HACKS, FOR WEDDINGS AND  
OTHER PARTIES

TELEPHONE 1-2.

SALE AND LIVERY BUSINESS

THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, JAN. 2, 1900.

CITY BRIEFS.

Water bills are due.  
No police court today.  
Get out your sleds and sleighs.  
The sea is reported to be rough.  
It was a wild night on the river.  
A tough night for the life savers.  
A sign of today: "No Calendars."  
We are having a run of high tides.  
There was a rush for diaries on Mon-  
day.

Did you get caught without any coal  
on hand?

Welcome to the first indication of the  
winter season.

The boys will keep the ponds free  
from the snow.

More foreign steamers are due with  
cargoes of coal.

There are some great bargains offered  
at the local stores.

This promises to be a quiet week in  
the amusement line.

Oscar Loughton has just had his  
steamer overhauled.

The dealers in clothing now look  
happy and contented.

The Irish Alderman is the next at-  
traction at Music hall.

The wreck of the old steamer New-  
march has been floated.

All of the local electric cars have  
been running on time today.

"Sag Harbor" will be seen in this  
city before the season closes.

J. Lincoln Coleman went to Great bay  
this morning for a smelting trip.

The best New Year's resolution is to  
make not more than you can keep.

Supt. Howard of the electric road  
made a good fight against the storm.

Music hall is being thoroughly over-  
hauled this week from top to bottom.

Readers of the Herald will receive the  
news first this year as they did during  
1899.

Conner, photographer studio, (for-  
merly Nickerson's,) No. 1 Congress  
street.

Chief Boatwain W. L. Hill, U. S. N.,  
lectures at Newcastle on the 22nd  
of this month.

The "S. G." Londres is made of the  
cheapest stock and is the best ten cent  
cigar in the market.

The schooner Lizzie J. Call of this  
port has put into Provincetown for a  
barber, bound here.

One drunk was brought to the station  
this noon. He was a man belonging in  
York and was held to sober up.

If all the broken resolutions could be  
piled in a heap, one month from today,  
what a scrap heap it would be.

The mystery of the disappearance of  
Private Wilson from the barracks at the  
yard has not yet been cleared up.

The snow plows were kept running  
until seven o'clock, Monday evening,  
by Street Commissioner Scruton.

Rubber heels become very popular  
and John G. Mott is fitting out the local  
public with an excellent article.

The two drunks who were arrested by  
the police on Monday evening, were  
released this morning without a trial.

Berge Bear Ridge, Capt. Gould, from  
Philadelphia, with 1500 tons of coal  
for J. A. & A. W. Walker, arrived on  
Monday.

It is a change of three figures in-  
stead of one in writing the year, and  
there will be lots of spoiled letter heads,  
this week.

Meetings will be held every evening  
this week except Saturday at the Wash-  
ington street church in Dover and Rev.  
E. L. Dutton of this city will assist the  
pastor.

The Fairbanks Engineer's association  
of Dover, contemplate entertaining the  
Portsmouth Engineer's association  
Thursday evening when they install  
officers.

The excellent work of the street com-  
missioner this morning in having the  
sidewalks free from snow at an early  
hour was greatly appreciated by the  
public generally.

Begin the new year by advertising in  
a paper that is read by the people you  
desire to reach and see if the year will  
not be a profitable one. The paper to  
reach the people is the Herald.

The Roman numerals MCM will be a  
very concise way of writing the year  
1900. Far less cumbersome than the  
MDCCCXCIX, that designates last  
year. So, today, date your letters Jan  
2, MCM., and you'll be all right.

POOL TOURNAMENT.

The following was the result of the  
games played in the Piscataqua pool  
tournament on Monday evening.

Coleman 100 Sheppard 94  
Coleman 100 Dent 97  
Keboe 100 Coleman 44  
Keboe 100 Dent 88  
Keboe 100 Keakens 66  
Keboe 100 Staples 61

Trains Late, Lost and Stalled—Trolley  
Schedule Mixed Up.

There was a genuine touch of winter  
in the storm that set in on New Year's  
day and for a time it looked like a record  
breaker. The fall of snow was much  
more than expected and some very large  
drifts were piled up around the city.

As far as known at present there was no  
frightful disasters such have marked  
the appearance of some of the winter  
storms of recent years. How the storm  
affected the city and this locality is told  
in the following detailed account:

About Town.

About town the storm was similar to  
the big blizzard of last year and in the  
afternoon travel on the streets was al-  
most blocked. Very few people, unless  
compelled to, ventured out, as the sleet  
cut the face like a knife. The stores  
were all deserted and the clerks found  
very little to do.

Only one session of school was held.  
Superintendent Morrison deciding it  
too severe for the little ones to go out  
again in the afternoon. The telegraph  
and telephone lines suffered but little  
and very few wires were reported down.

The electric road probably was the  
hardest hit and it was only by the most  
strenuous efforts that the line was kept  
open during the day. At 6:30 all cars  
were run into the car barn, and those  
forced to be out after that time had to  
walk home. The plow was kept going,  
however, and kept the tracks fairly  
open. Superintendent Howard expects  
to have things running bright and early  
this morning, although it will be hard  
work to run on time.

Chief Engineer Sullivan took every  
precaution in case of fire and had the  
firemen all on duty. The hydrants  
were kept as free as possible and the  
possibility of any big conflagration was  
very small. Up to midnight no wrecks  
were reported along the coast, but the  
life-savers kept a close watch and had  
everything in readiness in case there  
were.

On the Railroad.

An extra freight, bound west, was  
stalled in this yard, on Monday night.  
The bulk of its load consisted of Maine  
potatoes, and Station Agent Grant pro-  
vided wood for the stoves in the cars,  
to prevent the potatoes from freezing.

The efficient baggage-master, Frank  
Pickering, was on duty as extra man at  
the depot, Monday night.

Edgar J. White had charge of the  
shovelers in the pit at the round-house,  
Monday night.

The snow plow and scraper went to  
Salem, Mass., Monday afternoon, in  
charge of Conductor John Small. The  
gang of men was under Foreman Foss.

Baggage Master Nathan Spinney went  
to Salem on the scraper.

The Yankee from the east was one  
and three-fourths hours behind its  
scheduled time of arrival, 7:25.

The chaps in the depot telegraph  
office had all they could attend to,  
Monday night, keeping track of the  
various trains, and local calls by tele-  
phone elicited no response.

The Pullman and Bar Harbor trains  
fared badly, with the rest of them, and  
were quite late into this station.

The afternoon trains were not affected  
so badly by the storm as were those af-  
ter four o'clock.

The merits of coke as a fuel for loco-  
motives were put to a severe test, dur-  
ing the storm.

Charles Chapman and George Smart  
were the foremen of the gang at work  
in the yard.

QUITE A STORM.

Beautiful Snow Embarrasses Things  
In This Section.

No Great Damage Done, But Deep Drifts  
Heaped Around.

Trains Late, Lost and Stalled—Trolley  
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were the foremen of the gang at work  
in the yard.

Horace Howe was in charge of the  
plow working between Portland and  
this city.

A large force of shovelers was at  
work cleaning out the switches in the  
yard, Monday afternoon and night.

The train due here from Boston at  
5:20 in the afternoon, got stalled at  
North Hampton and did not pull out  
from that station until 6:28 o'clock. It  
came along all right from there  
to this city.

Conductor Law's train from Concord  
reached this city at 7:35 o'clock, an  
hour and twenty five minutes late.

The train that usually arrives in Ports-  
mouth from Boston at 6:35 o'clock, in  
the evening, got here an hour behind  
the scheduled time.

All the afternoon and evening trains  
came in covered with snow and pre-  
sented a variable winter aspect, the  
first of the season.

People on incoming trains from Bos-

ton reported that the storm was consid-  
erably heavier this side of Newbury-  
port than between that place and Bos-  
ton.

Harry Tucker, the Portsmouth mail  
carrier, toted the mail from the  
evening trains on his back to the post  
office, instead of bothering to hitch up  
his team.

Train 75, on the Western division,  
the through express from Boston to  
Portland, was stalled at Exeter, and  
the local that runs just ahead of it was  
lost between stations at the last report.

The train that leaves here for Dover  
at 5:22 o'clock, in the afternoon, went  
out at 7:45 and had to take an hour for  
its run up to Dover. The trouble  
was a drift at Newington. Coming  
back it had to buck a big heap of snow  
at Noble's island several times before it  
could get through, and arrived here  
two hours late. On the train were sev-  
eral of the Dartmouth Glee club mem-  
bers, who had been up in Dover  
visiting friends.

Across The River.

The storm bothered the Portsmouth,  
Kittery and York Street railway a  
little, but not enough to impede  
traffic badly. No cars were run over the  
road from four o'clock to six, but the big  
plow was promptly put to work and  
soon the line was clear along almost  
its whole length. The time table was  
adhered to remarkably well. The plow  
went out at 6:30 and made good all the  
complimentary things that have been  
said of it.

Notes of the Storm.

Telephone and telegraph communica-  
tion between this city and others was  
not interrupted at all.

It is expected that the telephone peo-  
ple will have some wires to straighten  
out today in the outlying districts.

Officers Robinson and Burns picked  
a drunk out of a drift on Market square  
on Monday evening and took him to  
the station.

So far as could be learned none of  
the mails from the west failed to arrive.

The wind rose about one o'clock this  
morning and whirled the snow in brisk  
style. The snow fall, however, had al-  
most ceased.

It is considered a remarkable circum-  
stance by the police that not a solitary  
person applied at the station for lodg-  
ing on Monday night.

More than one person besides the  
firemen thought what a bad night it  
would have been for a fire. Happily,  
not an alarm was sounded.

The Dartmouth Glee club must have  
appreciated the patronage of those peo-  
ple who turned out, in the face of the  
storm, to attend the concert.

The new plow of the Portsmouth  
electric railway was run over the sev-  
eral lines all night, and today the cars  
will probably be very nearly on time.

The patrolmen reported that al-  
though it was not so cold a storm as  
many they remember it was about as  
disagreeable as they care to be out in.

OFFICERS INSTALLED.

The following newly elected officers  
of Piscataqua lodge, No. 7, I. O. O. F.,  
were installed on Monday evening by  
D. D. G. M., Edward Bewley.

Noble Grand, Charles H. Foote;  
Vice Grand, J. W. Gerrish;  
Secretary, W. P. Pickett;  
Financial Secretary, Oliver H. Locke;  
Treasurer, James A. Rugg;  
Warden, John S. Wendell;  
Inside Guard, Frank Sides;  
Right Supporter, Charles Holmes;  
Left Supporter, Milton Gardner.

Trustees, W. W. Cotton, E. P. Kim  
ball J. F. Adams.

MRS O'BRIEN WON IT.

The guessing contest concerning the  
number of beans in a bottle, ad-  
vertised by C. Fred Duncan, was won  
by Mrs. Katie O'Brien, who guessed the  
exact number, 177. Miss Sarah Hovey  
was a very close second, with a guess  
of 478. The lucky number was drawn  
at four o'clock, on Monday afternoon,  
by Charles H. Keboe. The prize was a  
valuable doll.

THE RESOLUTE TO BE SOLD.

The navy department has decided to  
sell the auxiliary cruiser Resolute, for-  
merly the Yorktown. The ship was  
built at Cramp's, and at the outbreak  
of the Spanish war the navy depart-  
ment bought her at a cost of \$180,000.  
She was recently brought from Ports-  
mouth to League island, where the sale  
will take place.

ANNUAL BENEFIT.

Dartmouth Glee Club Give An Ex-  
cellent Concert.

The annual benefit of the graduating  
class, Portsmouth High school, was  
held in Philbrick hall, Monday evening,  
the attraction being a concert by the  
Dartmouth Glee, Mandolin and Guitar  
clubs.

The concert was excellent and drew  
an exceptionally large and appreciative  
audience. The gallery was filled to the  
doors and every seat taken.

The Glee club was at its best, and it  
may safely be said that Dartmouth  
never sent out a better aggregation of  
singers. All of the selections were well  
received and in some cases the club was  
obliged to respond to encores. Of the  
Mandolin club nothing but praise can  
be said. The selection, "Shepherd's  
Lullaby," by a quintet from this club  
was the gem of the evening.

The singing was fine, the pieces new  
and it went with a snap and a vigor  
that was refreshing to hear.

The following was the programme:

PART FIRST.

1. Dartmouth Glee Club Glee Club  
2. "Sweet and Low" Mandolin Club  
3. "Kentucky Babe" Mandolin Club  
4. "Thy Song, Thy Love, Thy Faith" Brooks  
5. "O Love, Stay By and Sing" Brooks  
6. "The Magic Strings" Mandolin Club  
7. "Wine Song" Glee Club  
8. "Dartmouth Glee Club" Mandolin Club

PART SECOND.

1. "A Continuous Performance" Glee Club  
2. Quintette, "Shepherd's Lullaby,"  
Keyes, Marchese, Rogers, Merrill,  
Gibson.

3. "Rolling Home," Mandolin Club  
4. "Con Song," Brooks  
5. "Hanna's Promenade," Mandolin Club  
6. "Dartmouth Song," Glee Club

Following the concert a reception was  
tendered the college boys which proved  
a most brilliant affair. The floor was  
thronged with handsomely gowned  
young ladies who seemed to vie with one  
another in showering attentions on the  
sons of old Dartmouth, and the boys  
enjoyed it immensely. There was not  
a dull moment during the entire even-  
ing for them.

Portsmouth was always a favorite with  
college boys and its reputation for  
hospitality was fully sustained Monday  
evening.

Conservatory orchestra of eight  
pieces, furnished the dance music and  
gave excellent satisfaction. There was  
a fine list of dances, the program con-  
taining fourteen numbers, well arranged.  
It was long after midnight when the  
last number was reached and the col-  
lege boys were escorted to their hotel,  
while the rest of the dancers quietly  
dispersed to their homes, to think and  
talk over the events of the evening and  
to finally fall asleep with the college  
cheer, Dar-da-da Dartmouth, still ring-  
ing in their ears.

QUARTERLY REPORT.

Record of Business in Police Circles  
For Three Months.

The quarterly report of the city mar-  
shal to the board of police commis-  
sioners for the quarter ending Dec. 31,  
1899, is as follows:

CAUSES OF ARRESTS:

Assault 4  
Assault on officer 1  
Begging 2  
Boarding house beat 1  
Common drunkard 1  
Contempt of court 1  
Drunks before the court 36  
Deserters 2  
Fornication 2  
Gambling 1  
Insane 1  
Keeping spirituous liquor for sale 4  
Keeping malt liquor for sale 4  
Keeping disorderly house 4  
Larceny 4  
Malicious mischief 10  
Obstructing sidewalk 8  
Profane language 2  
Receiving stolen goods 1  
Rape 1  
Runaway girls, returned to home 4  
Selling spirituous liquor 3  
Safe keeping 6  
Truancy 1  
Vagrants 3  
Lodgers during quarter 271  
Stores door found open 17  
Street lights reported out 2  
Truant cases, investigated 46

Amount of stolen property re-  
covered and returned to owners \$555.00  
Patrol wagon call 25  
Amount of fines and costs 312.46  
Received of G. A. Loughton for bank watch 125.00  
Received of Sheriff John Pender 19.81

Amount paid for conveying prisoners to county farm, witness fees, etc. \$24.45  
Paid city treasurer \$492.72

PROBATE COURT.

A session of probate court was held in  
the county court house in this city to-  
day, Judge Thomas Leavitt and Regis-  
ter George F. Richards of Exeter being  
present. Nothing of importance was  
transacted, only routine matters being  
considered. The next session in this  
city will be held on May 6.

Two million Americans suffer the tor-  
turing pangs of dyspepsia. No need  
to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At  
any drug store.

ELIOT BRIDGE COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stock-  
holders of the Eliot Bridge company  
will be held at the Stratford National  
Banking rooms, Dover, on Tuesday,  
January 9, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., for  
the choice of directors and the trans-  
action of any other business that may  
legally come before the meeting.

Flatulence is cured by BEECHAM'S  
PILLS.

PERSONALS

Miss Ethel Lockhart returned to her  
studies at Tilton Seminary on Monday.

Mrs. Willard Grant was the guest of  
Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Shorey, East Roch-  
ester, Saturday.

Foreman Thomas Connors of the  
navy yard passed New Year's day in  
Newfield, his former home.

Mr. James H. Condon, who has been  
the guest of his mother for the past  
week, returned to his duties in Philadel-  
phia, Monday.

Civil Engineer Thompson of the Bos-  
ton & Maine railroad and his private  
secretary, Preston S. Cotton, spent New  
Year's day in town.

Chief Carpenter B. F. Markham, U.  
S. N., recently ordered to this yard for  
duty, arrived here Monday and will re-  
port for duty today.

Mr. Henry Smith completed his du-  
ties as superintendent of the Metropol-  
itan Life Insurance company in this city  
on Saturday evening.

The many friends of Miss Marion  
Brown, Portsmouth's favorite dancer,